

Name: _____

Date: _____

A. Grammar: Rhetorical Appeals (Ethos, Pathos, Logos)

Definitions

- **Ethos (Credibility):**

Ethos is when a speaker or writer tries to gain the audience’s trust by showing they are reliable or knowledgeable.

Example: “As a doctor with 20 years of experience, I recommend this treatment.”

- **Pathos (Emotion):**

Pathos is when a speaker or writer appeals to the audience’s emotions.

Example: “Imagine a child going to bed hungry every night.”

- **Logos (Logic):**

Logos is when a speaker or writer uses facts, data, or logical reasoning.

Example: “Studies show that 80% of students perform better with regular practice.”

1. Identify the Appeal

a) “This product is recommended by top scientists.” _____

b) “Thousands of animals suffer every day—help them now!”

c) “Research shows that exercise improves health.” _____

d) “As a teacher, I believe this method works best.” _____

e) “Think of how happy your family will feel.” _____

2. Match the Statement with the Appeal

Statement

Appeal

- a) "Experts agree this is the safest option." 1. Pathos
b) "Over 70% of people prefer this brand." 2. Logos
c) "Don't let your loved ones suffer." 3. Ethos

3. Create Your Own Examples

- a) Ethos: _____
b) Pathos: _____
c) Logos: _____
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B. Reading Comprehension (Non-Fiction)

Passage (Read Carefully)

Renewable energy is becoming an important part of our world as we look for ways to reduce pollution and protect the environment. Unlike fossil fuels such as coal and oil, renewable energy sources are naturally replenished and do not run out. Common types of renewable energy include solar power, wind energy, and hydroelectric power.

Solar energy is produced by capturing sunlight using solar panels. These panels convert sunlight into electricity that can be used in homes and businesses. Wind energy is generated by wind turbines, which spin when the wind blows and produce electricity. Hydroelectric power uses flowing water, such as rivers or dams, to create energy.

One of the main advantages of renewable energy is that it produces little to no pollution. Fossil fuels release harmful gases like carbon dioxide, which contribute to climate change. In contrast, renewable energy sources are much cleaner and help reduce the impact of global warming.

Another benefit is that renewable energy can be used in many different places. Solar panels can be installed on rooftops, and wind turbines can be built in open areas. This makes it easier for communities to generate their own energy and reduce dependence on large power plants.

However, renewable energy also has some challenges. The cost of setting up solar panels or wind turbines can be high. In addition, some sources depend on weather conditions. For example, solar panels need sunlight, and wind turbines require wind to function properly.

Despite these challenges, many countries are investing in renewable energy to create a more sustainable future. Governments and organizations are working together to develop new technologies and make renewable energy more affordable. As technology improves, renewable energy is expected to become more common and efficient.

In conclusion, renewable energy offers a promising solution to many environmental problems. By using natural resources wisely, we can reduce pollution, conserve energy, and protect our planet for future generations.

Multiple Choice Questions

1. What is renewable energy?
 - a) Energy that cannot be used
 - b) Energy from fossil fuels
 - c) Energy that is naturally replenished
 - d) Energy that is expensive
2. Which is an example of renewable energy?
 - a) Coal
 - b) Oil
 - c) Solar power
 - d) Gas

3. Why is renewable energy better for the environment?
 - a) It is cheaper
 - b) It produces less pollution
 - c) It is faster
 - d) It is easier
 4. What is one challenge of renewable energy?
 - a) It causes pollution
 - b) It never works
 - c) High setup cost
 - d) It is harmful
 5. What is the main idea of the passage?
 - a) Fossil fuels are better
 - b) Renewable energy is harmful
 - c) Renewable energy is useful but has challenges
 - d) Energy is not important
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Descriptive Questions

1. Name two types of renewable energy and explain them.
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2. What are the advantages of renewable energy?
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3. What challenges does renewable energy face?
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C. Writing Section: Argumentative Essay with Graphic Organizer

Essay Prompt

Topic: *“Should schools switch completely to renewable energy?”*

Step 1: Graphic Organizer

Introduction (State your opinion):

Reason 1:

Reason 2:

Reason 3:

Counterargument (Opposite view):

Conclusion:

Step 2: Write Your Essay (12–15 sentences)
